



June 12, 2019
File No. 5174-01-06

Mr. James Bedard, Director of Environmental Management and Capital Projects
Worcester Public Schools
20 Irving Street
Worcester, MA 01609, MA 02035

RE: May 2019 - PCB BMP Quarterly Status Report
Doherty Memorial High School

In accordance with the Worcester Public School's (WPS) request, O'Reilly Talbot & Okun Associates, Inc. (OTO) is pleased to present this quarterly status report of the Best Management Practices (BMPs) implemented at the Doherty Memorial High School (Doherty). The objective of the BMP program is to reduce potential exposures to polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs). WPS and its staff are responsible for implementing the BMPs, and OTO conducts quarterly independent evaluations to provide WPS management with an assessment of the effectiveness of their implementation.

As you know, certain building materials used in the construction and renovation of buildings between 1950 and 1980 may contain PCBs. The US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) has recommended that a BMP program be implemented in schools and other buildings either constructed or renovated during this period. Doherty Memorial High School was constructed during this period.

Note that WPS has also authorized OTO to conduct annual indoor air monitoring for PCBs at Doherty. The reports of this air testing have been provided separately from the BMP reports, although we note that the air monitoring results were well below USEPA guidelines for PCB concentrations in school air for each of the three sampling rounds completed to date.

Best Management Practices (BMPs)

In its July 28, 2015 guidance for school administrators and other building owners and managers titled "Practical Actions for Reducing Exposure to PCBs in Schools and Other Buildings," the USEPA described potentially useful BMPs, including:

1. Ensuring that ventilation systems are operating properly and are regularly inspected and maintained according to system manufacturer instructions and guidelines or ANSI/ASHRAE/ACCA Standard 180-2012—Standard Practice for Inspection and Maintenance of Commercial Building HVAC Systems. If system cleaning is needed, follow ANSI/ACCA Standard 6—Restoring the Cleanliness of HVAC Systems (2007);
2. Cleaning inside schools and other buildings frequently to reduce dust and residue;
3. Using a wet or damp cloth or mop to clean surfaces;
4. Using vacuum cleaners with high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters;
5. Not sweeping with dry brooms or using dry cloth wipes for dusting;

6. Washing hands with soap and water, particularly before eating; and
7. Washing children's toys.

OTO's assessment of BMP effectiveness focuses on items 1 through 5 on this list. For item 6 all school lavatories are equipped with soap and water. Item 7 is not relevant to a high school environment.

Assessment of BMPs at Doherty Memorial High School

We conducted the Spring 2019 BMP assessment at Doherty on May 22, 2019. We reviewed the operation of the HVAC/air handling equipment with school engineering staff. The system underwent a significant overhaul in 2017 and was operating properly at the time of the BMP assessment, with the exception of the HVAC unit for the 200s wing of the building, which was offline. Recent weather had been warm, so that windows in many classrooms had been open. Pollen residues were observed on several windowsills. Although several windowsills were obstructed with book storage, art displays or other materials, this was less pervasive than has been observed in the past.

OTO observed twenty-nine classrooms or other spaces selected at random during the assessment; this is roughly 25% of rooms within the school. Our observations focused on the presence of dust on windows, window sills and window frames as well as the Univent systems that provide heating and ventilation to the classrooms. The spaces we observed included:

- Library,
- Cafeteria
- Administrative offices;
- Selected classrooms, and
- Hallway areas.

Our general observations are summarized on Table 1 (attached); representative photographs are attached. We discussed cleaning procedures with school staff emphasizing the importance of consistency with the BMPs. We were assured that the BMP recommendations were routinely followed in the school.

Based on our discussions and observations, it is our conclusion that the implementation of the BMPs at Doherty is effective. The Univents were free of significant dust and visible oil leakage. Several rooms exhibited slight accumulation of dust, most commonly where windowsills were obstructed by classroom materials. Because window and door caulking may contain PCBs, WPS has previously applied an additional layer of non-PCB caulk over the previously existing caulking. The exterior over-caulking was observed to be intact.

Other USEPA Recommendation for Suspected PCBs in Schools

Although not technically BMPs, USEPA made three other recommendations in its July 28, 2015 guidance for PCBs in schools:

- Remove all PCB containing fluorescent light ballasts (FLBs);
- Give consideration to encapsulating suspected PCB containing materials (such as caulk) to further reduce the potential for PCB exposure; and
- Removing suspect PCB containing building materials during planned renovations and repairs.

As you know, WPS removed all suspect PCB containing FLBs in 2012. There are no suspected PCB FLBs remaining in the Worcester school system.

Also in 2012, WPS encapsulated suspect PCB containing caulk around the windows and doors at Doherty with an additional thick layer of non-PCB caulk. We observed this over-caulking in each room we visited and found that it was intact and in good condition. This over-caulking is repaired as-needed to maintain its condition. Exterior suspect caulking was likewise covered with new caulk to a height of eight feet above grade. Only limited areas of uncoated caulk are present on the exterior, primarily where the metal window units meet the brick facing. We observed this over-caulking at selected points on the building exterior and found that it was intact and in good condition. No significant deterioration of the uncovered caulking at the tops of window units was observed.

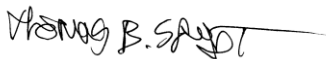
Finally, it should be noted that Doherty has been accepted into the state school building financing program. Plans are now moving forward for the replacement of the Doherty High School structure in approximately 5 years. When Doherty is replaced, the suspect PCB containing materials will be removed and disposed of in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.

Conclusions and Recommendations


In conclusion, it is our opinion that the BMPs are being implemented in an effective manner at Doherty Memorial High School. We recommend that the next quarterly on-site visit be conducted in August, 2019, prior to the start of the school year.

Should you have questions or require additional information, please contact the undersigned.

Very truly yours,
O'Reilly, Talbot & Okun Associates, Inc.



Thomas B. Speight, CHMM
Project Manager



James D. Okun, LSP
Principal

Attachments

Table 1 – Summary of Observations for Doherty Memorial High School
Selected photographs from Doherty High School

Table 1 - Summary of BMP Observations
Doherty Memorial High School
299 Highland Street
Worcester, MA 01602
May 22, 2019

Room	Condition of Caulk	Condition of Univents	Dust Accumulation
Front Office	VG	VG	VG
105	VG	VG	VG
Guidance anteroom	VG	VG	VG
Cafeteria	VG	VG	VG
Stairwell by Cafeteria	VG	VG	VG
Windows at west end of 200s hall	VG	VG	VG
202	VG	VG	Little
Library	VG	VG	VG
211	VG	VG	VG
212	VG	VG	VG
214	VG	VG	VG
300	VG	VG	VG
301	VG	VG	VG
302B	VG	VG	Moderate (limited access)
Hallway by gymnasium	Needs touch-up	VG	VG
317	VG	VG	Little
318	VG	VG	VG
319	VG	VG	VG
321	VG	VG	VG
324	VG	VG	Little
326	VG	VG	VG
403	VG	VG	VG
407	VG	VG	VG
414	VG	VG	VG
419	VG	VG	VG
422	VG	VG	VG
425	VG	VG	Some
426	VG	VG	VG
428	VG	VG	VG

CATEGORIZATION

Very good = minimal dust or debris

Little = enough dust to leave a residue on a gloved finger

Moderate = visible accumulations of dust

Significant = thick layer of dust

Site Photographs



Photograph 1: Typical windowsill, guidance area



Photograph 2: Typical windowsill, cafeteria

Site Photographs



Photograph 3: Windowsill in Room 211



Photograph 4: Room 317

Site Photographs



Photograph 5: Interior of Room 425



Photograph 6: Visible pollen accumulation, Room 419